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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/596,352	09/14/2006	Takashi Inubushi	09867/0204680-US0	5558
7278 DARBY & DA	7590 05/29/200 RBY P.C.	EXAMINER		
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Church Street Station New York, NY 10008-0770			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2887	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/29/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/596,352	INUBUSHI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	KUMIKO C. KOYAMA	2887			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 Jul</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 09 June 2006 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. ⊠ accepted or b) □ objected to	•			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 0606, 1007.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te			

DETAILED ACTION

Preliminary Amedment received on June 09, 2006 has been acknowledged.

Claim Objections

1. Claim 9 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 9 recites a game machine in the preamble and appears to be an independent claim.

The Examiner respectfully requests the Applicant to delete "claim 1" and rewrite all the limitations recited in claim 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-4 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ohtsuki et al (US 4,931,622).

Re claims 1 and 9: In Fig.3a, Ohtsuki shows a card holder 15 which is a card support unit including a card support surface 15 for sliding the card while supporting the card from one surface side. Ohtsuki also shows an abutting portion 57 which is a card end unit that includes a card end surface provided to protrude from the card support surface. Ohtsuki also shows a plurality of contact terminals 26 which are input and output executing units positioned to face the

Application/Control Number: 10/596,352 Page 3

Art Unit: 2887

information recording unit of the card when the card is slid on the card support surface as shown in Fig. 3a while abutting the card against the card end surface (col 4, lines 13-16). Ohtsuki discloses that the contacts of the circuit board attached tot eh card latch extend beyond the surface of the card holder so as to be connected to contacts of the electronic card to obtain a condition ready for communication (col 1, lines 55-60).

Re claim 2: As shown in Fig. 3a, the card holder 15 (the card support surface) extends horizontally (left to right of the figure).

Re claim 3: As shown in Fig. 3a, the abutting portion 57 (the card end unit) is positioned in a back portion of the card support surface (left side with respect to the figure). Referring to Fig. 4, when the user who uses the information device views the device from the right side of Fig. 4, the user will see that the card end unit 57 extends in a right-left direction.

Re claim 4: Fig. 3b shows that the card end surface 57 is at the edge of the card support surface 15. In Fig. 3a, Ohtsuki shows that the card end surface 57 exceeds an edge of the card support surface 15 and extends towards the rear surface side of the card support surface 15 in a portion of an intersection between the card support surface 15 and the card end surface 57.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohtsuki in view of Webb (US 3,553,436). The teachings of Ohtsuki have been discussed above.

Ohtsuki teaches that the input and output executing unit (the contact terminals 26) is positioned to face the card information recording unit from a rear surface side (towards the left side of the surface 15 with respect to Fig. 3a) of the card support unit.

Ohtsuki fails to teach that the card support surface has a translucent material.

Webb discloses a transparent face plates on the card reader chambers to allow the outline and color of the cards to be seen while they are being inserted and read (col 10, lines 73-75).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to integrate the teachings of Webb to the teachings of Ohtsuki such that the card can be seen during the read and write process to ensure that fraudulent actions are not taken within the card reader.

6. Claims 6, 7 and 10 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohtsuki in view of Berbeco (US 4,596,668). The teachings of Ohtsuki have been discussed above.

Ohtsuki fails to teach that the support surface has a methacrylic resin having an antistatic property of 0.1 seconds or less in a testing method specified in JIS L-1094.

Berbeco discloses a film-forming synthetic polyampholyte polymeric composition as an emulsion which contains an effective antistatic amount of an antistatic agent, which composition, employed as a surface coating, provides electrostatic discharge protection particularly on floor surfaces and is characterized in that it will dissipate the static charges on personnel walking on said floor to zero in less than about 0.1 seconds and prevents the generation of static charge by

personnel walking on the substrate protected with the composition of the invention (col 1, lines 50-61).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to integrate the teachings of Berbeco to the teachings of Ohtsuki such that the card and the information stored on the card is not affected by static reactions, since static can cause the card to changed or delete the data stored on the card.

7. Claims 8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohtsuki in view of Berbeco as applied to claims 7 and 10 above, and further in view of Ogawa et al (US 6,098,889). The teachings of Ohtsuki as modified by Berbeco have been discussed above.

Ohtsuki as modified by Berbeco fails to teach that the surface hardness corresponds to a pencil hardness equal to or higher than five H, the pencil hardness being specified in JIS D-0202.

Ogawa discloses that the hardened surface layer preferably has hardness equivalent to a pencil hardness of 5H or more (col 4, lines 60-65).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to integrate the teachings of Ogawa to the teachings of Ohtsuki as modified by Berbeco such that the surface has a sufficient hardness to be able to support the card in place, such that the electrical contacts can have a solid contact with the card contacts to ensure a proper reading and writing of the card.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Application/Control Number: 10/596,352 Page 6

Art Unit: 2887

Nakajima, U.S. Patent No. 7,150,403, discloses a shutter mechanism used for card

module.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to KUMIKO C. KOYAMA whose telephone number is (571)272-

2394. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Steve Paik can be reached on 571-272-2404. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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/Kumiko C. Koyama/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2887

May 27, 2008